

# Package ‘StabMap’

April 24, 2025

**Type** Package

**Title** Stabilised mosaic single cell data integration using unshared features

**Version** 1.2.0

**Description** StabMap performs single cell mosaic data integration by first building a mosaic data topology, and for each reference dataset, traverses the topology to project and predict data onto a common embedding. Mosaic data should be provided in a list format, with all relevant features included in the data matrices within each list object. The output of stabMap is a joint low-dimensional embedding taking into account all available relevant features. Expression imputation can also be performed using the StabMap embedding and any of the original data matrices for given reference and query cell lists.

**License** GPL-2

**Encoding** UTF-8

**URL** <https://sydneybioinformatics.github.io/StabMap>,  
<https://sydneybioinformatics.github.io/StabMap/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/sydneybioinformatics/StabMap/issues>

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|         |                                            |
|---------|--------------------------------------------|
| .runOps | <i>Run a sequence of binary operations</i> |
|---------|--------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Run a sequence of binary operations

### Usage

```
.runOps(obj, ops, leftToRight = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

|             |                                                                                                         |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| obj         | list of objects.                                                                                        |
| ops         | list of operations (length should be 1 less than ‘obj’).                                                |
| leftToRight | logical whether operations should be performed in order from left to right (default), or right to left. |

### Value

matrix or array output of the sequence of binary operations

---

|             |                                                    |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| adaptiveKNN | <i>Adaptive k-Nearest Neighbour Classification</i> |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Adaptive k-Nearest Neighbour Classification for a k-nearest neighbour matrix, given class labels and local k values for the training data

### Usage

```
adaptiveKNN(knn, class, k_local)
```

### Arguments

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| knn     | Is a k-nearest neighbour matrix, giving the indices of the training set that the query is closest to. Rows are the query cells, columns are the NNs. Typically output using BiocNeighbors::queryKNN(,k = max(k_local)). |
| class   | Is the labels associated with the training set.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| k_local | Is an integer vector length of the training set, giving the local k to use if k_local is given as a single integer, then that value is used as k for all observations.                                                  |

**Value**

A character vector of of classifications for the test set.

**Examples**

```
# Generate example data
data <- matrix(rpois(10 * 20, 10), 10, 20) # 10 genes, 20 cells
data_2 <- matrix(rpois(10 * 30, 10), 10, 30) # 10 genes, 30 cells

# Generate error matrix for k_local
E <- matrix(runif(100), 20, 5)
colnames(E) <- paste0("K_", 1:5)

# Define training class labels and adaptive k-values
class <- factor(rep(letters[1:2], each = 10))
k_local <- getAdaptiveK(E, labels = class)

knn <- BiocNeighbors::queryKNN(
  t(data), t(data_2),
  k = max(as.numeric(gsub("K_", "", k_local)))
)$index

# Adaptive KNN classification
test <- adaptiveKNN(
  knn, class, as.numeric(gsub("K_", "", k_local))
)
```

---

allEqual

*allEqual*


---

**Description**

Checks if a vector is equal to its first element

**Usage**

```
allEqual(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      A vector.

**Value**

logical whether a a vector is equal to its first element.

---

|                      |                             |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| buildLabelsDataFrame | <i>buildLabelsDataFrame</i> |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|

---

**Description**

Build dataframe for output from ‘classifyEmbedding’

**Usage**

```
buildLabelsDataFrame(labels, resubstituted_labels, k_adaptive)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |                                                                               |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| labels               | Is a named character vector with true labels.                                 |
| resubstituted_labels | Is a named character vector with predicted labels.                            |
| k_adaptive           | Is a named vector of the k-values, this could be a single integer when fixed. |

**Value**

A dataframe with rows the same as resubstituted\_labels and columns for input\_labels, predicted\_labels, and resubstituted\_labels.

---

|                   |                                                                                      |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| classifyEmbedding | <i>Adaptive k-Nearest Neighbour Classification using the StabMap joint embedding</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Performs adaptive k-nearest neighbour classification of discrete labels for a training set from a query set, leveraging the StabMap joint embedding. The training labels are defined in ‘labels’, with all other rows of the embedding treated as the testing set.

**Usage**

```
classifyEmbedding(
  coords,
  labels,
  type = c("uniform_fixed", "adaptive_labels", "adaptive_local", "uniform_optimised"),
  k_values = 5,
  error_measure = c("simple_error", "balanced_error"),
  adaptive_nFold = 2,
  adaptive_nRep = 5,
  adaptive_local_nhood = 100,
  adaptive_local_smooth = 10,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| coords                | A cells (rows) x dimensions data matrix, on which euclidean distances are to be calculated for KNN classification. Must have rownames. Typically, output from 'stabMap()'.                                                                                      |
| labels                | A named character vector of labels for the training set.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| type                  | A character of the type of adaptive KNN classification to be used. Must be one of "adaptive_local", "adaptive_labels", "uniform_optimised", or "uniform_fixed". Default is "uniform_fixed".                                                                     |
| k_values              | A numeric vector of potential k values. If type is "uniform_fixed", then the first value of k_values is used. Default is 5.                                                                                                                                     |
| error_measure         | Is the error type to use for selection of the best k. Must be one of "simple_error" or "balanced_error". "simple_error" weights all cells equally. "balanced_error" weights error by 'labels' factors. Only affects error type for type == "uniform_optimised". |
| adaptive_nFold        | Is the number of folds for adaptive selection cross-validation.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| adaptive_nRep         | Is the number of repetitions of adaptive selection cross-validation.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| adaptive_local_nhood  | Is the neighbourhood size for optimising locally.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| adaptive_local_smooth | Is the number of neighbours to use for smoothing locally.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| verbose               | Logical whether to print repetition and fold number for adaptive selection cross-validation.                                                                                                                                                                    |

**Value**

Is a dataframe with rows the same as coords, and same rownames. Columns are: input\_labels is the training labels that were provided in 'labels' (NA is used as labels for the testing set), resubstituted\_labels is predicted labels for all rows (including for the training data), predicted\_labels is predicted labels for the testing set but true labels as provided in 'labels' for the training set, k is the adaptive k value used for that each row of the training set.

**Examples**

```
set.seed(100)
# Simulate coordinates
coords <- matrix(rnorm(1000), 100, 10)
rownames(coords) <- paste0("cell_", seq_len(nrow(coords)))

# Define labels of the first 50 cells
labels <- rep(paste0("type_", letters[1:5]), 10)
names(labels) <- rownames(coords)[seq_along(labels)]

# Uniform fixed KNN classification
knn_out <- classifyEmbedding(
  coords, labels,
  type = "uniform_fixed", k_values = 5
)
```

```
table(knn_out$predicted_labels)

# Adaptive KNN classification using local error
knn_out <- classifyEmbedding(
  coords, labels,
  type = "adaptive_local",
  k_values = 2:3,
  adaptive_nFold = 5,
  adaptive_nRep = 10
)
table(knn_out$predicted_labels)

knn_out <- classifyEmbedding(
  coords, labels,
  type = "adaptive_labels",
  k_values = 2:3,
  adaptive_nFold = 5,
  adaptive_nRep = 10
)
table(knn_out$predicted_labels)

# Adaptive KNN classification using uniform optimised with balanced error
knn_out <- classifyEmbedding(
  coords, labels,
  type = "uniform_optimised",
  k_values = 2:3,
  adaptive_nFold = 3,
  adaptive_nRep = 10,
  error_measure = "balanced_error"
)
table(knn_out$predicted_labels)
```

---

|                     |                            |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| combineBinaryErrors | <i>combineBinaryErrors</i> |
|---------------------|----------------------------|

---

## Description

Combines binary error matrices by averaging error values across all matrices, for each entry (row and column combination)

## Usage

```
combineBinaryErrors(E_list)
```

## Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                       |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E_list | A list containing matrices. Each matrix must have the same number of columns (k-values) and contain rownames (cells). |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**Value**

A sparse error matrix.

---

getAdaptiveK

*Adaptive k selection for KNN classification*


---

**Description**

Given an error matrix, identify the k that maximises the accuracy for cells belonging to a provided labelling/grouping. If no labelling given, expect a cell-cell similarity network to identify the k that maximises the accuracy for cells within that neighbourhood. If neither are given, simply treat all cells as if they have the same labelling/grouping

**Usage**

```
getAdaptiveK(E, labels = NULL, local = NULL, outputPerCell = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E             | An error matrix with rows corresponding to cells and columns corresponding to candidate k values, with values themselves corresponding to error values (either binary for single classification, or continuous after multiple classification). |
| labels        | Group labels for cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| local         | A neighbourhood index representation, as typically output using BiocNeighbors::findKNN().                                                                                                                                                      |
| outputPerCell | Logical whether to return adaptive k for each cell, not just for each label type (used for when labels is given).                                                                                                                              |
| ...           | Includes return_colnames, whether to give the colnames of the best selected, or just the index, which is default TRUE.                                                                                                                         |

**Value**

Vector of adaptive k values.

**Examples**

```
E <- matrix(runif(100), 20, 5)
colnames(E) <- paste0("K_", 1:5)

# generate cell labels
labels <- factor(rep(letters[1:2], each = 10))

# generate nearest neighbourhood index representation
data <- matrix(rpois(10 * 20, 10), 10, 20) # 10 genes, 20 cells
local <- BiocNeighbors::findKNN(t(data), k = 5, get.distance = FALSE)$index

best_k_labels <- getAdaptiveK(E,
```



```

    labels = labels
  )
  best_k_local <- getAdaptiveK(E,
    local = local
  )

```

---

getArgMin

*getArgMin*


---

### Description

For each row in a matrix calculate the first index which gives the minimum value

### Usage

```
getArgMin(M, return_colnames = TRUE, identicalNA = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

|                 |                                                                                          |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| M               | A matrix.                                                                                |
| return_colnames | Logical whether to return column names of matrix (default TRUE). Otherwise return index. |
| identicalNA     | Logical whether to return NA if all values in a row are identical (default TRUE).        |

### Value

A vector containing the first index or column name of the minimum values for each row of the matrix.

---

getBestColumn

*getBestColumn*


---

### Description

Identifies the index of the column of a matrix with the minimum mean. If balanced\_labels is given then calculate the balanced mean

### Usage

```
getBestColumn(E, balanced_labels = NULL)
```

Arguments

- E                   An error matrix.
- balanced\_labels    Class labels for each row (cell) of E.

Value

The index of the best performing column of E

---

|                |                       |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| getBinaryError | <i>getBinaryError</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------|

---

Description

For potential k values, generate a binary error matrix from KNN label classification

Usage

getBinaryError(knn, k\_values, class\_train, class\_true)

Arguments

- knn                Is a k-nearest neighbour matrix, giving the indices of the training set that the query is closest to. Rows are the query cells, columns are the NNs, should be a large value. Typically output using BiocNeighbors::queryKNN(.,k = max(k\_values)).
- k\_values           Is an integer vector of the values of k to consider for extracting accuracy. If k\_values has names then pass these to colnames of E.
- class\_train        Is a factor or character vector of classes that corresponds to the indices given within knn.
- class\_true          Is a factor or character vector that corresponds to the rows of knn. If class\_true has names then pass these to rownames of E.

Value

A sparse binary error matrix.

---

|                               |                                      |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| getBinaryErrorFromPredictions |                                      |
|                               | <i>getBinaryErrorFromPredictions</i> |

---

**Description**

Compute binary error between predicted labels and true labels

**Usage**

```
getBinaryErrorFromPredictions(pred, labels)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                         |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|
| pred   | Is a matrix of class label predictions. |
| labels | Is a named vector of true labels.       |

**Value**

A sparse binary error matrix.

---

|              |                     |
|--------------|---------------------|
| getModeFirst | <i>getModeFirst</i> |
|--------------|---------------------|

---

**Description**

Identify the mode of x up to the first index

**Usage**

```
getModeFirst(x, first)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                          |
|-------|--------------------------|
| x     | A character or a factor. |
| first | An integer.              |

**Value**

A character of the mode of x.

---

|                        |                  |
|------------------------|------------------|
| <code>getQueryK</code> | <i>getQueryK</i> |
|------------------------|------------------|

---

**Description**

For each cell in the query data, use the 1NN’s adaptive k value (of the reference data) to identify the local best k value

**Usage**

```
getQueryK(knn, k_local)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>knn</code>     | Is a k-nearest neighbour matrix, giving the indices of the training set that the query is closest to. Rows are the query cells, columns are the NNs, should be a large value. Typically output using <code>BiocNeighbors::queryKNN(,k = max(k_local))</code> . |
| <code>k_local</code> | Is an integer vector length of the reference set, giving the local k to use. If <code>k_local</code> is given as a single integer, then that value is used as k for all observations.                                                                          |

**Value**

An integer vector with local k to use for each query cell.

---

|                      |                |
|----------------------|----------------|
| <code>gm_mean</code> | <i>gm_mean</i> |
|----------------------|----------------|

---

**Description**

Calculate the geometric mean

**Usage**

```
gm_mean(x, na.rm = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|                    |                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>     | A vector.                                                                                              |
| <code>na.rm</code> | A logical value indicating whether NA values should be stripped before calculating the geometric mean. |

**Value**

A numeric.

---

|                 |                                                    |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| imputeEmbedding | <i>Impute values using StabMap joint embedding</i> |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Performs naive imputation of values from the list of mosaic data and joint embedding from StabMap.

## Usage

```
imputeEmbedding(
  assay_list,
  embedding,
  reference = Reduce(union, lapply(assay_list, colnames)),
  query = Reduce(union, lapply(assay_list, colnames)),
  neighbours = 5,
  fun = mean
)
```

## Arguments

|            |                                                                            |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| assay_list | List of mosaic data from which to perform imputation.                      |
| embedding  | Joint embedding from which to extract nearest neighbour relationships.     |
| reference  | Character vector of cell names to treat as reference cells.                |
| query      | Character vector of cell names to treat as query cells.                    |
| neighbours | Number of nearest neighbours to consider (default 5).                      |
| fun        | function (default 'mean') to aggregate nearest neighbours' imputed values. |

## Value

List containing imputed values from each assay\_list data matrix which contains reference cells.

## Examples

```
set.seed(2021)
assay_list <- mockMosaicData()
lapply(assay_list, dim)

# stabMap
out <- stabMap(assay_list,
  ncomponentsReference = 20,
  ncomponentsSubset = 20
)

# impute values
imp <- imputeEmbedding(assay_list, out)

# inspect the imputed values
```

```
lapply(imp, dim)
imp[[1]][1:5, 1:5]
```

---

|           |                  |
|-----------|------------------|
| isUnequal | <i>isUnequal</i> |
|-----------|------------------|

---

**Description**

Checks if elements of 2 vectors are unequal

**Usage**

```
isUnequal(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| x | A vector. |
| y | A vector. |

**Value**

An integer vector. 1 for unequal. 0 for equal

---

|                |                       |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| mockMosaicData | <i>mockMosaicData</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------|

---

**Description**

Mock up a mosaic data list using simulated data, for use in documentation examples.

**Usage**

```
mockMosaicData(
  names = c("D1", "D2", "D3"),
  ncells = c(50, 50, 50),
  ngenes = list(1:150, 76:225, 151:300),
  fun = "rnorm",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                                            |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| names  | character vector of mock datasets.                                         |
| ncells | integer vector of cells in each mock dataset.                              |
| ngenes | list containing integer vectors of features measured in each mock dataset. |
| fun    | name of function to simulate data, default "rnorm".                        |
| ...    | further arguments passed to 'fun'.                                         |

**Value**

assay\_list a list of data matrices with rownames (features) specified.

**Examples**

```
set.seed(2021)
assay_list <- mockMosaicData()
lapply(assay_list, dim)

# simulate data from another distribution
assay_list <- mockMosaicData(fun = "rnbino", size = 5, prob = 0.5)
lapply(assay_list, dim)
```

---

|                    |                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| mosaicDataTopology | <i>mosaicDataTopology</i> |
|--------------------|---------------------------|

---

**Description**

Generate mosaic data topology network as an igraph object.

**Usage**

```
mosaicDataTopology(assay_list)
```

**Arguments**

assay\_list      a list of data matrices with rownames (features) specified.

**Value**

igraph weighted network with nodes corresponding to assay\_list elements, and edges present if the matrices share at least one rowname. Edge weights correspond to the number of shared rownames among data matrices.

**Examples**

```
set.seed(2021)
assay_list <- mockMosaicData()
mdt <- mosaicDataTopology(assay_list)
mdt
plot(mdt)
```

---

|                 |                        |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| mosaicDataUpSet | <i>mosaicDataUpSet</i> |
|-----------------|------------------------|

---

**Description**

Plots feature overlaps of mosaic data as an UpSet plot.

**Usage**

```
mosaicDataUpSet(assay_list, plot = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                   |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| assay_list | a list of data matrices with rownames (features) specified.       |
| plot       | logical (default FALSE) whether the UpSet plot should be printed. |
| ...        | further arguments passed to ‘upset’ from the ‘UpSetR’ package.    |

**Value**

UpSet object displaying degree of overlap of rownames (features) among each of the data matrices in assay\_list. Set bars correspond to the number of cells/samples present in each data matrix.

**Examples**

```
set.seed(2021)
assay_list <- mockMosaicData()
lapply(assay_list, dim)
mosaicDataUpSet(assay_list)

# additional arguments from UpSetR::upset()
mosaicDataUpSet(assay_list, empty.intersections = TRUE)
```

---

|               |                      |
|---------------|----------------------|
| queryNamedKNN | <i>queryNamedKNN</i> |
|---------------|----------------------|

---

**Description**

queryNamedKNN

**Usage**

```
queryNamedKNN(coords_reference, coords_query, k)
```



**Arguments**

|                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| coords_reference |                  |
|                  | coords_reference |
| coords_query     | coords_query     |
| k                | k                |

**Value**

matrix

---

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| reWeightEmbedding | <i>Re-weight StabMap embedding</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Re-weights embedding according to given weights for each reference dataset. This gives more or less weighting to each contributing dataset and method (PCA or LDA),

**Usage**

```
reWeightEmbedding(embedding, weights = NULL, factor = 1e+06)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                     |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| embedding | Joint embedding as output from stabMap.                                             |
| weights   | (optional) named numeric vector giving relative weights for each reference dataset. |
| factor    | numeric multiplicative value to offset near-zero values.                            |

**Value**

matrix of same dimensions as ‘embedding’.

**Examples**

```
set.seed(2021)
assay_list <- mockMosaicData()
lapply(assay_list, dim)

# specify which datasets to use as reference coordinates
reference_list <- c("D1", "D3")

# specify some sample labels to distinguish using linear discriminant
# analysis (LDA)
labels_list <- list(
  D1 = rep(letters[1:5], length.out = ncol(assay_list[["D1"]]))
)
```

```

# stabMap
out <- stabMap(assay_list,
  reference_list = reference_list,
  labels_list = labels_list,
  ncomponentsReference = 20,
  ncomponentsSubset = 20
)

# look at the scale of each component and discriminant
boxplot(out, las = 2, outline = FALSE)

# re-weight embedding for less contribution from LDs and equal contribution
# from PCs of both references
out_reweighted <- reWeightEmbedding(
  out,
  weights = c("D1_LD" = 0.5, "D1_PC" = 1, "D3_PC" = 1)
)

# look at the new scale of each component and discriminant
boxplot(out_reweighted, las = 2, outline = FALSE)

```

---

selectFeatures

*selectFeatures*


---

### Description

For a given assay and set of features, perform variance ranking and select a subset of features

### Usage

```
selectFeatures(assay, features, maxFeatures)
```

### Arguments

|             |                                                            |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| assay       | An assay matrix rows are features, columns are cells       |
| features    | Character vector of the current features that are selected |
| maxFeatures | Integer of the number of maxFeatures to select             |

### Value

A character vector of the selected features according to variance ranking.

---

smoothLocal

*smoothLocal*


---

**Description**

Smooth out the adaptive k values. Can be smoothed by computing the arithmetic or geometric mean of the adaptive k-values for each cells neighbourhood

**Usage**

```
smoothLocal(best_k, local, smooth = 10, mean_type = "geometric")
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                         |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| best_k    | Is a named vector of local best k values                                |
| local     | Is a KNN matrix, with rows same as best_k and values indices of best_k. |
| smooth    | An integer of k-nearest neighbours to smooth over.                      |
| mean_type | Character indicating to calculate the 'geometric' or 'arithmetic' mean. |

**Value**

A numeric vector of smoothed adaptive k-values.

---

stabMap

*Stabilised mosaic single cell data integration using unshared features*


---

**Description**

stabMap performs mosaic data integration by first building a mosaic data topology, and for each reference dataset, traverses the topology to project and predict data onto a common principal component (PC) or linear discriminant (LD) embedding.

**Usage**

```
stabMap(
  assay_list,
  labels_list = NULL,
  reference_list = NULL,
  reference_features_list = lapply(assay_list, rownames),
  reference_scores_list = NULL,
  ncomponentsReference = 50,
  ncomponentsSubset = 50,
  suppressMessages = TRUE,
  projectAll = FALSE,
  restrictFeatures = FALSE,
```

```

    maxFeatures = 1000,
    plot = TRUE,
    scale.center = TRUE,
    scale.scale = TRUE,
    SE_assay_names = "logcounts",
    BPPARAM = SerialParam(),
    verbose = TRUE
)

```

## Arguments

|                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>assay_list</code>              | A list of data matrices with rownames (features) specified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>labels_list</code>             | (optional) named list containing cell labels                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>reference_list</code>          | Named list containing logical values whether the data matrix should be considered as a reference dataset, alternatively a character vector containing the names of the reference data matrices. If NULL, defaults to: <code>sapply(names(assay_list), function(x) TRUE, simplify = FALSE)</code> |
| <code>reference_features_list</code> | List of features to consider as reference data (default is all available features).                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>reference_scores_list</code>   | Named list of reference scores (default NULL). If provided, matrix of cells (rows with rownames given) and dimensions (columns with colnames given) are used as the reference low-dimensional embedding to target, as opposed to performing PCA or LDA on the input reference data.              |
| <code>ncomponentsReference</code>    | Number of principal components for embedding reference data, given either as an integer or a named list for each reference dataset.                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>ncomponentsSubset</code>       | Number of principal components for embedding query data prior to projecting to the reference, given either as an integer or a named list for each reference dataset.                                                                                                                             |
| <code>suppressMessages</code>        | Logical whether to suppress messages (default TRUE).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <code>projectAll</code>              | Logical whether to re-project reference data along with query (default FALSE).                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>restrictFeatures</code>        | logical whether to restrict to features used in dimensionality reduction of reference data (default FALSE). Overall it's recommended that this be FALSE for single-hop integrations and TRUE for multi-hop integrations.                                                                         |
| <code>maxFeatures</code>             | Maximum number of features to consider for predicting principal component scores (default 1000).                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>plot</code>                    | Logical whether to plot mosaic data UpSet plot and mosaic data topology networks (default TRUE).                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>scale.center</code>            | Logical whether to re-center data to a mean of 0 (default FALSE).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>scale.scale</code>             | Logical whether to re-scale data to standard deviation of 1 (default FALSE).                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

SE\_assay\_names Either a string indicating the name of the assays for the SummarizedExperiment objects in assay\_list or a named list of assay names, where the names correspond to the names SE objects in assay\_list (default "logcounts")

BPPARAM a BiocParallelParam object specifying how parallelisation should be performed

verbose Logical whether console output is provided (default TRUE)

## Value

matrix containing common embedding with rows corresponding to cells, and columns corresponding to PCs or LDs for reference dataset(s).

## Examples

```
set.seed(2021)
assay_list <- mockMosaicData()
lapply(assay_list, dim)

# specify which datasets to use as reference coordinates
reference_list <- c("D1", "D3")

# specify some sample labels to distinguish using linear discriminant
# analysis (LDA)
labels_list <- list(
  D1 = rep(letters[1:5], length.out = ncol(assay_list[["D1"]]))
)

# examine the topology of this mosaic data integration
mosaicDataUpSet(assay_list)
plot(mosaicDataTopology(assay_list))

# stabMap
out <- stabMap(assay_list,
  reference_list = reference_list,
  labels_list = labels_list,
  ncomponentsReference = 20,
  ncomponentsSubset = 20
)

head(out)
```

---

vectorSubset

*vectorSubset*


---

## Description

vectorSubset

Usage

vectorSubset(vec, mat)

Arguments

|     |     |
|-----|-----|
| vec | vec |
| mat | mat |

Value

matrix

---

|        |                                               |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------|
| %pred% | Binary operator for model predictions on data |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------|

---

Description

This function performs model predictions via the predict function for each column of data.

Usage

data %pred% models

Arguments

|        |                                                                                                  |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| data   | is a matrix with rows corresponding to features, and columns corresponding to cells/observations |
| models | is a list of univariate outcome models with the features as explanatory variables                |

Value

a matrix with rows equal to length(models) and columns corresponding to cells/observations

---

|            |                                                                         |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| %projpred% | Project and/or predict data using feature weights or a LDA model object |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

This function takes a data matrix a and, depending on the class of b, projects the data using feature weights, or predicts new values using linear discriminant analysis (LDA) model object, or both.

Usage

a %projpred% b

Arguments

- a a matrix with colnames specified
- b a matrix with rownames specified, or a lda model object, or a list containing a matrix and/or a lda model object.

Value

matrix

---

|      |                                                    |
|------|----------------------------------------------------|
| %*1% | Sorted matrix multiplication with intercept column |
|------|----------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

This function first binds a column filled with 1s named intercept to a, then performs rownames and colnames-aware (\*\*\*%) matrix multiplication with b.

Usage

a %\*1% b

Arguments

- a a matrix with rownames specified
- b a matrix with colnames specified

Value

matrix

---

|      |                              |
|------|------------------------------|
| ***% | Sorted matrix multiplication |
|------|------------------------------|

---

Description

This function multiplies two matrices but first reorders the rows of the second matrix to match the columns of the first matrix

Usage

X \*\*\*% Y

**Arguments**

- X a matrix with colnames specified.
- Y a matrix with rownames specified. Alternatively, a list assumed to contain two objects, a matrix with rownames specified, and a vector of scaling values for subtraction.

**Value**

matrix



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