Package 'CCPROMISE'

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Title PROMISE analysis with Canonical Correlation for Two Forms of

High Dimensional Genetic Data

Type Package

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Maintainer Xueyuan Cao <xueyuan.cao@stjude.org> Description Perform Canonical correlation between two forms of high demensional genetic data, and associate the first compoent of each form of data with a specific biologically interesting pattern of associations with multiple endpoints. A probe level analysis is also implemented. Depends R (>= 3.3.0), stats, methods, CCP, PROMISE, Biobase, GSEABase, utils License GPL (>= 2) biocViews Microarray, GeneExpression LazyLoad yes git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/CCPROMISE git_branch devel git_last_commit_68eaab9 git_last_commit_date 2025-04-15 Repository Bioconductor 3.22 Date/Publication 2025-04-24 Contents CCPROMISE-package</xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>
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git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/CCPROMISE git_branch devel git_last_commit 68eaab9 git_last_commit_date 2025-04-15 Repository Bioconductor 3.22 Date/Publication 2025-04-24 Contents CCPROMISE-package
git_last_commit 68eaab9 git_last_commit_date 2025-04-15 Repository Bioconductor 3.22 Date/Publication 2025-04-24 Contents CCPROMISE-package
git_last_commit 68eaab9 git_last_commit_date 2025-04-15 Repository Bioconductor 3.22 Date/Publication 2025-04-24 Contents CCPROMISE-package
git_last_commit_date 2025-04-15 Repository Bioconductor 3.22 Date/Publication 2025-04-24 Contents CCPROMISE-package
Repository Bioconductor 3.22 Date/Publication 2025-04-24 Contents CCPROMISE-package
Date/Publication 2025-04-24 Contents CCPROMISE-package
Contents CCPROMISE-package
CCPROMISE-package
·
CANN
CCPROMISE
exmplESet 6 exmplGeneSet 7
exmplMSet
exmplPat
PrbCor
PrbPROMISE
PROMISE2

Index 13

CCPROMISE-package

PRojection Onto the Most Interesting Statistical Evidence with Canonical Correlation

Description

a tool to indentify genes that are correlated between two set of genomic variables and are associated with a predefined pattern of associations with multiple endpoint variables.

Details

Package: CCPROMISE
Type: Package
Version: 0.99.3
Date: 2016-10-11
License: GPL (>=2)

LazyLoad: yes

The CCPROMISE (Canonical correlation with PROMISE analysis) is performed by calling function CCPROMISE. The two forms of genomic data such as gene expression and methylation are passed through minimal ExpressionSet; the gene annotation (defining relationship between a gene and the two forms of genomic data), phenotypic data and definition of R routines for calculating association statistics with individual endpoint variable are same as in *PROMISE* package. Please refer to *PROMISE* package for writing user defined routines.

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References

Cao X, Crews KR, Downing J, Lamba J and Pounds XB (2016) CC-PROMISE effectively integrates two forms of molecular data with multiple biologically related endpoint. BMC Bioinformatics 17(Suppl 13):382

Hotelling H. (1936). Relations between two sets of variables. Biometrika, 28, 321-327

Pounds S, Cheng C, Cao X, Crews KR, Plunkett W, Gandhi V, Rubnitz J, Ribeiro RC, Downing JR, and Lamba J (2009) PROMISE: a tool to identify genomic features with a specific biologically interesting pattern of associations with multiple endpoint variables. Bioinformatics 25: 2013-2019

Wilks, S. S. (1935) On the independence of k sets of normally distributed statistical variables. Econometrica, 3 309-326.

CANN 3

Examples

```
## load data
 data(exmplESet)
 data(exmplMSet)
 data(exmplGeneSet)
 data(exmplPat)
 ## Perform CCPROMISE test
test<- CCPROMISE(geneSet=exmplGeneSet,</pre>
             ESet=exmplESet,
             MSet=exmplMSet,
             promise.pattern=exmplPat,
             strat.var=NULL,
             prlbl=NULL,
             EMlbl=c("Expr", "Methyl"),
             nbperm=TRUE,
             max.ntail=10,
             nperms=100,
             seed=13)
```

CANN

Canonical Correlation of Two Sets of Genomic Data

Description

Compute canonical correlation between two sets of genomic data.

Usage

```
CANN (geneSet, Edat, Mdat, EMlbl = c("Expr", "Methyl"), phdat)
```

Arguments

geneSet a gene set collection to annotate probes to gene

Edat data frame of the first form of genomic data, such as gene expression data with

row being probes and column being subjects. The column names should match

the row names phdat

Mdat data frame of the second form of genomic data, such as methylation data with

row being probes and column being subjects. The column names should match

the row names phdat

EMlbl lablel of the genomic data, default=c("Expr", "Methyl") for *Edat* and *Mdat*

phdat phenotype data with row being subjects and column being phenotype variables.

The row names should match the column names of Edat and Mdat

Details

The function performs Canonical correlation between two forms genomic data for each gene (Edat and Mdat) defined by *gann*. If a gene only has one form of genomic data, the first principal component is used; If one form of data has number of probesets exceeding the number of subjects, the first number of subjects probesets are used. The function return a list of three components. See *value* for details.

4 CCPROMISE

Value

The output of the function is a list of length 3 with thee components:

CCres canonical correlation result: a data frame with row for each each gene and

six columns (Gene: gene names; n.EMlbl[1]: number of probes of first form genomic data; n.EMlbl[2]: number of probes of second form genomic data; CanonicalCR: Canonical correlation of first components; WilksPermPval: permuatation p value of Wilks' Lambda; WilksAsymPval: p value of F-approximations

of Wilks' Lambda).

FSTccscore the first component of canonical correlation: a data frame with row for each

gene, first half of columns for first component of first form genomic data and second half of columns for first component of second form genomic data.

ccload a data frame of loading (each row is for a gene, first column is gene names,

second column is the probeset ids of first form genomic data seperated by 'l', third column is the load for each probeset in first form genomic data seperated by 'l', fourth column is the probeset ids of second form genomic data seperated by 'l', fifth column is the load for each probeset in second form genomic data

seperated by 'l')

Author(s)

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References

Hotelling H. (1936). Relations between two sets of variables. Biometrika, 28, 321-327

See Also

CCPROMISE

Examples

CCPROMISE

PROMISE Analysis with Canonical Correlation for Two Forms of Genomic Data

Description

PROMISE analysis of two genomic sets with multiple phenotypes under a predefined association pattern at gene level.

CCPROMISE 5

Usage

```
CCPROMISE (geneSet, ESet, MSet, promise.pattern, strat.var = NULL,
    prlbl = NULL, EMlbl = c("Expr", "Mthyl"), nbperm = FALSE,
    max.ntail = 100, nperms = 10000, seed = 13)
```

Arguments

geneSet a gene set collection to annotate probes to gene

ESet an ExpressionSet class contains minimum of exprs (expression matrix) of first

form of genomic data such as gene expression and phenoData (AnnotatedDataFrame of end point data). Please refer to Biobase for details on how to create such an

ExpressionSet expression set.

MSet an ExpressionSet class of second form of genomic data such as methylation

levels, the subject id of MSet and ESet should be exactly same

promise.pattern

PROMISE pattern

strat.var stratum variable

prlbl labels

EMlbl lablel of the genomic data, default=c('Expr', 'Methyl') for ESet and MSet

nbperm indicator of fast permuation using negative binomial strategy, taking two valid

values: FALSE or TRUE. The default is FALSE.

max.ntail number of sucess if nbperm = T. Further permutation will not be performed for

gene(s) or gene set(s) which max.ntail permutated statistics are greater or equal

to the observed statistics, The default is 100.

nperms number of permutation, default = 10,000

seed initial seed of random number generator. The default is 13.

Details

The function performs PROMISE analysis for two forms of genomic data in minimal expression set format with a prefined phenotypic pattern. It calls two external function *CANN* and *PROMISE2*

Value

The output is a list of length 4. The 4 components are as following:

PROMISE result for the first component of canonical correlation between two

forms of geneomic data. individual genes' test statistics and p-values for each

individual endpoint and PROMISE analysis

ccres result of canonical correlation analysis with six columns: Gene: Gene names;

n.EMlbl[1]: number of probe set in the first form data; n.EMlbl[2]: number of probe set in the second form data; CanonicalCR: Canonical correlation of first components; WilksPermPval: permutation p value of Wilks' Lambda; Wilks-

sAsymPval: p value of F-approximations of Wilks' Lambda.

FSTccscore loads of first component of canonical correlation: a data frame of loading (each

row is for a gene, first column is gene names, second column is the probeset ids of first form genomic data seperated by 'l', third column is the load for each probeset in first form genomic data seperated by 'l', fourth column is the probeset ids of second form genomic data seperated by 'l', fifth column is the

load for each probeset in second form genomic data seperated by 'l')

6 exmplESet

CCload

a data frame of loading (each row is for a gene, first column is gene names, second column is the probeset ids of first form genomic data seperated by 'l', third column is the load for each probeset in first form genomic data seperated by 'l', fourth column is the probeset ids of second form genomic data seperated by 'l', fifth column is the load for each probeset in second form genomic data seperated by 'l')

Author(s)

Xueyuan Cao <Xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>, Stanley Pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>

References

Cao X, Crews KR, Downing J, Lamba J and Pounds SB (2016) CC-PROMISE effectively integrates two forms of molecular data with multiple biologically related endpoint. BMC Bioinformatics 17(Suppl 13):382

See Also

CANN PROMISE2

Examples

```
## load data
data(exmplESet)
data(exmplMSet)
data(exmplGeneSet)
data(exmplPat)
## Perform canonical correlation test
test<- CCPROMISE(geneSet=exmplGeneSet,</pre>
             ESet=exmplESet,
             MSet=exmplMSet,
             promise.pattern=exmplPat,
             strat.var=NULL,
             prlbl=NULL,
             EMlbl=c("Expr", "Methyl"),
             nbperm=FALSE,
             max.ntail=10,
             nperms=100,
             seed=13)
```

exmplESet

Example of Conceptual Expression Set

Description

an ExpressionSet class contains minimum of exprs (expression matrix) of gene expression and phenoData (AnnotatedDataFrame of end point data).

Usage

```
data(exmplESet)
```

exmplGeneSet 7

Value

an example ExpressionSet contains conceptual data of 105 expression features measured by U133A array for 151 subjects. The phenotype data has 8 columns for the same 151 subjects.

exmplGeneSet

Example of Conceptual Gene Annotation

Description

An conceptual exmple of gene set collection to annotate both form of genomic data to genes. The gene names can be extracted by method of setName() and probe ids can be extracted by method of geneIds()

Usage

data(exmplGeneSet)

Value

a conceptual gene set collection of 10 genes with 319 unique U133A expression probe ids or Infinium HumanMethylation450 probe ids.

exmplMSet

Example of Conceptual Methylation Set

Description

an conceptual ExpressionSet class contains minimum of exprs (matrix) of DNA methylation and phenoData (AnnotatedDataFrame of end point data).

Usage

data(exmplMSet)

Value

an conceptual example ExpressionSet of 735 DNA methylation probe ids for 151 subjects. The phenotype data has 8 columns for the same 151 subjects

8 PrbCor

exmplPat	Example of Conceptual Phenotype Pattern Definition Set	

Description

An conceptual exmple of phenotype pattern definition set with three columns: stat.coef, stat.func, and endpt.vars; It defines an association pattern for three phenotypes.

Usage

```
data(exmplPat)
```

Value

a data frame

PrbCor

Probe Level Correlation of Two Sets of Genomic Data

Description

Compute Spearman correlation of all probe combination between two sets of genomic data within a gene.

Usage

```
PrbCor (geneSet, Edat, Mdat, EMlbl = c("Expr", "Methyl"), phdat,
    pcut = 0.05)
```

Arguments

geneSet	a gene set collection to annotate probes to gene
Edat	data frame of the first form of genomic data, such as gene expression data with row being probes and column being subjects. The column names should match the row names <i>phdat</i>
Mdat	data frame of the second form of genomic data, such as methylation data with row being probes and column being subjects. The column names should match the row names <i>phdat</i>
EMlbl	lablel of the genomic data, default=c("Expr", "Methyl") for Edat and Mdat
phdat	phenotype data with row being subjects and column being phenotype variables. The row names should match the column names of <i>Edat</i> and <i>Mdat</i>
pcut	p value cutoff to eliminate probe pairs that are not significantly correlated. Default is 0.05

Details

The function performs Spearman correlation for all probe pairs between two forms genomic data within each gene (Edat and Mdat) defined by *gann*. If a gene only has one form of genomic data, the other form is coded as NA. The function return a list of two components. See *value* for details.

PrbPROMISE 9

Value

The output of the function is a list of length 2. The 2 components are as following:

res spearman correlation result: a data frame with row for each probe pair with

correlation p value < pcut and five columns; Gene: Gene names; EMlbl[1]: probe id in the first form data; EMlbl[2]: probe id in the second form data;

Spearman.rstat: Spearman r statistics; Spearman.p: Spearman p value.

gen Probe level data: a data frame with row for each probe pairs, first half of columns

for first form genomic data and second half of columns for second form genomic

data with sign reflecting the correlation of the probe pair.

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See Also

CCPROMISE

Examples

PrbPROMISE

PROMISE Analysis with Two Forms of Genomic Data at Probe Level

Description

PROMISE analysis of two genomic sets with multiple phenotypes under a predefined association pattern at probe level.

Usage

```
PrbPROMISE (geneSet, ESet, MSet, promise.pattern, strat.var = NULL,
    prlbl = NULL, EMlbl = c("Expr", "Mthyl"), pcut = 0.05, nbperm = FALSE,
    max.ntail = 100, nperms = 10000, seed = 13)
```

10 PrbPROMISE

Arguments

geneSet a gene set collection to annotate probes to gene

ESet an ExpressionSet class contains minimum of exprs (expression matrix) of first

form of genomic data such as gene expression and phenoData (AnnotatedDataFrame of end point data). Please refer to Biobase for details on how to create such an

ExpressionSet expression set.

MSet an ExpressionSet class of second form of genomic data such as methylation

levels, the subject id of MSet and ESet should be exactly same

promise.pattern

PROMISE pattern

strat.var stratum variable

prlbl labels

EMlbl lablel of the genomic data, default=c('Expr', 'Methyl') for ESet and MSet

pcut p value cutoff to eliminate probe pairs that are not significantly correlated. De-

fault is 0.05

nbperm indicator of fast permuation using negative binomial strategy, taking two valid

values: FALSE or TRUE. The default is FALSE.

max.ntail number of sucess if nbperm = T. Further permutation will not be performed for

gene(s) or gene set(s) which max.ntail permutated statistics are greater or equal

to the observed statistics, The default is 100.

nperms number of permutation, default = 10,000

seed initial seed of random number generator. The default is 13.

Details

The function performs PROMISE analysis for two forms of genomic data in minimal expression set format with a prefined phenotypic pattern. It calls two external function *PrbCor* and *PROMISE2*

Value

The output of the function is a list of length 2. The 2 components are as following:

PROMISE result for the first component of canonical correlation between two

forms of geneomic data. individual genes' test statistics and p-values for each

individual endpoint and PROMISE analysis

CORres result of spearman correlation analysis of probe pairs within a gene with five

columns: Gene: Gene names; EMlbl[1]: probe id in the first form data; EMlbl[2]: probe id in the second form data; Spearman.rstat: Spearman r statistics; Spear-

man.p: Spearman p value.

Author(s)

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See Also

PrbCor PROMISE2

PROMISE2

Examples

```
## load data
 data(exmplESet)
 data(exmplMSet)
 data(exmplGeneSet)
 data(exmplPat)
 ## Perform probe level PROMISE analysis
test<-PrbPROMISE(geneSet=exmplGeneSet,
              ESet=exmplESet,
              MSet=exmplMSet,
              promise.pattern=exmplPat,
              strat.var=NULL,
              prlbl=c('LC50', 'MRD22', 'EFS', 'PR3'),
              EMlbl=c("Expr", "Methyl"),
              nbperm=TRUE,
              max.ntail=10,
              nperms=100,
              seed=13)
```

PROMISE2

PROMISE Analysis of Two Genomic Sets

Description

PROMISE analysis of two genomic sets with multiple phenotypes.

Usage

```
PROMISE2 (exprSet, exprSet2, geneSet = NULL, promise.pattern, strat.var = NULL, nbperm = FALSE, max.ntail = 100, nperms = 10000, seed = 13)
```

Arguments

exprSet expression set of first genomic data exprSet2 expression set of second genomic data

geneSet should be NULL.

promise.pattern

PROMISE pattern

strat.var stratum variable

nbperm indicator of fast permuation using negative binomial strategy, taking two valid

values: FALSE or TRUE. The default is FALSE.

max.ntail number of sucess if nbperm = T. Further permutation will not be performed for

gene(s) or gene set(s) which max.ntail permutated statistics are greater or equal

to the observed statistics, The default is 100.

nperms number of permutation, default = 10,000

seed random seed, default = 13

PROMISE2

Details

The function performs PROMISE analysis for two set genomic data with a prefined phenotypic pattern. It is intermediate function called by *CCPROMISE* to perform PROMISE analysis with canonical correlation

Value

The output of the function is a list of length 2. The 2 components are as following:

generes individual genes' test statistics and p-values for each individual endpoint and

PROMISE analysis.

setres Gene set level analysis is not implemented with value *NULL*

Author(s)

Xueyuan Cao <Xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>, Stanley Pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>

See Also

CCPROMISE

Examples

Index

```
* misc
    exmplESet, 6
    exmplGeneSet, 7
    exmplMSet, 7
    exmplPat, 8
* package
    CCPROMISE-package, 2
CANN, 3, 6
CCPROMISE, 4, 4, 9, 12
CCPROMISE-package, 2
exmplESet, 6
exmplGeneSet, 7
exmplMSet, 7
exmplPat, 8
PrbCor, 8, 10
PrbPROMISE, 9
PROMISE2, 6, 10, 11
```